

Far-infrared Emission Lines in Galaxies: The SHINING Contribution to the Understanding of General Trends

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on behalf of the SHINING team:

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Eckhard Sturm et al.

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- Fine structure lines
- Molecular lines
- High-J CO lines
- Full PACS SEDs
- Resolved spatial information

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Far-infrared fine structure lines:

- PDR lines: [C II] $158\mu\text{m}$, [O I] $145\mu\text{m}$, [O I] $63\mu\text{m}$
- HII lines: [N II] $122\mu\text{m}$, [O III] $88\mu\text{m}$, [N III] $57\mu\text{m}$, [O III] $52\mu\text{m}$

Sample:

- 9 local starbursts (M 82, NGC 253, M 83, ...)
- 18 Seyfert galaxies (NGC 1068, Cen A, Circinus, ...)
- 28 LIRGs and ULIRGs (NGC 4418, Arp 220, Mrk 231, ...)
- 5 high-z star forming galaxies (MIPS J142824.0, ...)
- 4 high-z AGNs (IRAS F10214, Cloverleaf, ...)

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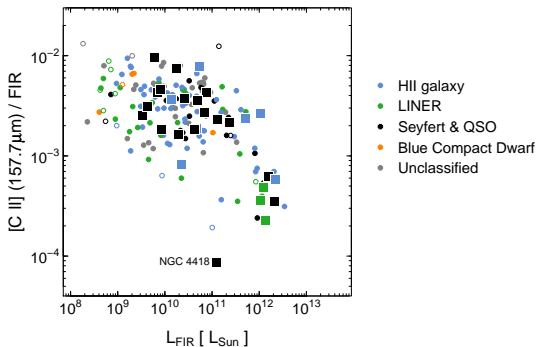
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The [C II] line deficit

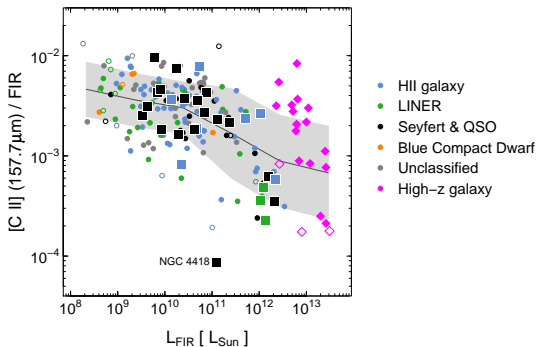


[Graciá-Carpio et al. 2010, submitted]

[Brauher et al. 2008, ApJS 178: 280]

[Luhman et al. 2003, ApJ 594: 758]

The [C II] line deficit



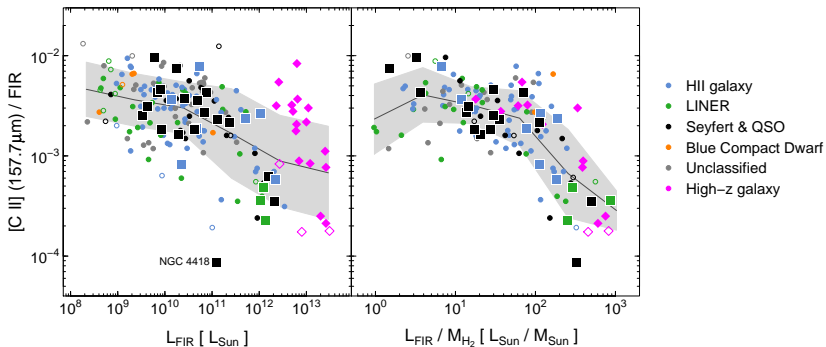
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[Stacey et al. 2010, arXiv:1009.4216]

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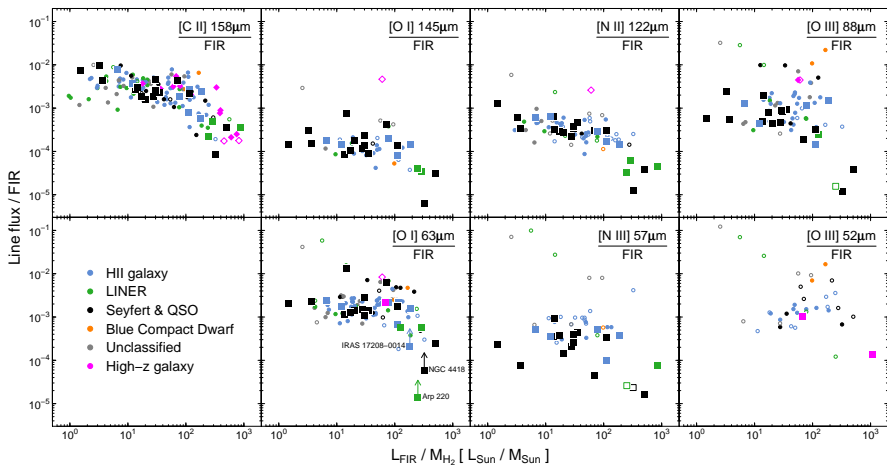
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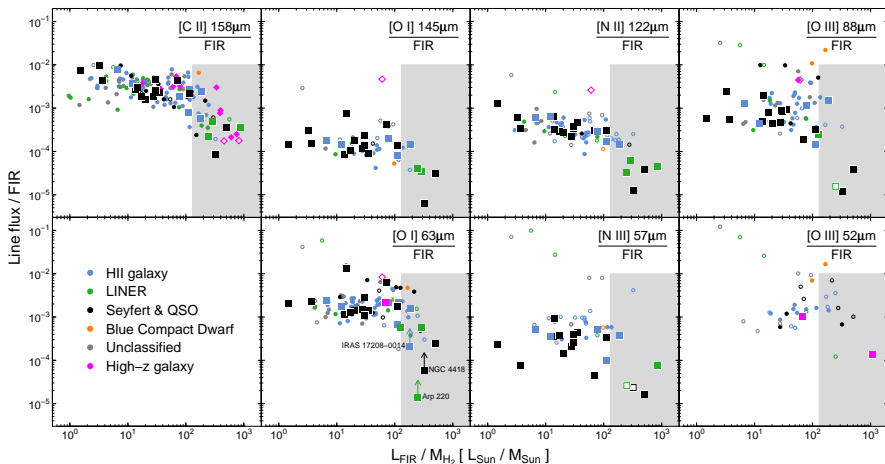
[Stacey et al. 2010, arXiv:1009.4216]

A general far-infrared line deficit



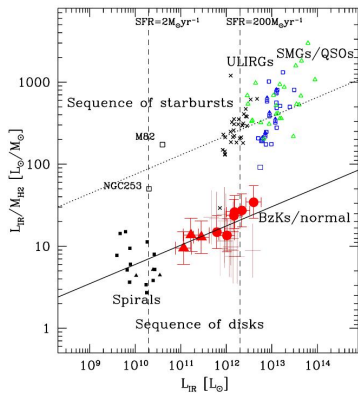
[Graciá-Carpio et al. 2010, submitted]

A general far-infrared line deficit



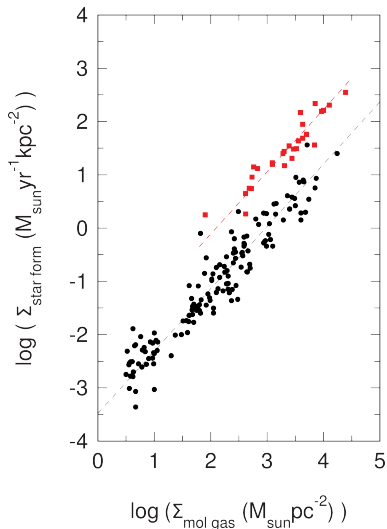
[Graciá-Carpio et al. 2010, submitted]

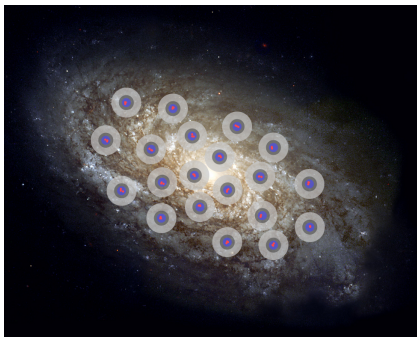
Two modes of star formation



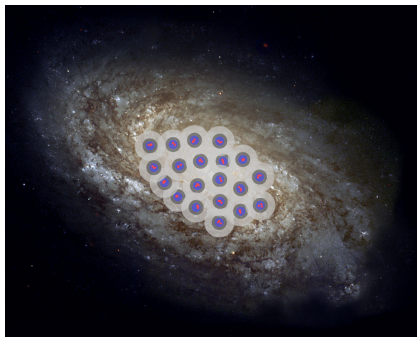
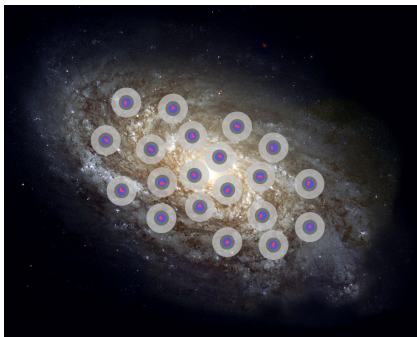
[Genzel et al. 2010, MNRAS 407: 2091]

[Daddi et al. 2010, ApJ 714: L118]

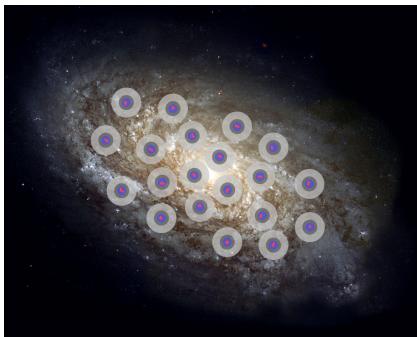


Line emission vs. $L_{\text{FIR}}/M_{\text{H}_2}$ 

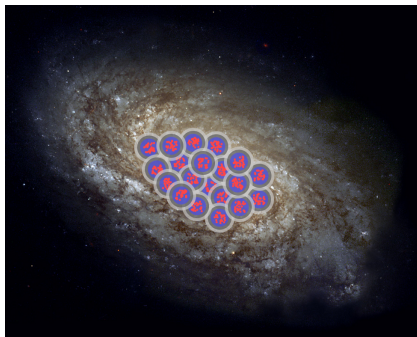
$$L_{\text{FIR}}/M_{\text{H}_2} \simeq 1\text{--}100 L_{\odot} M_{\odot}^{-1}$$

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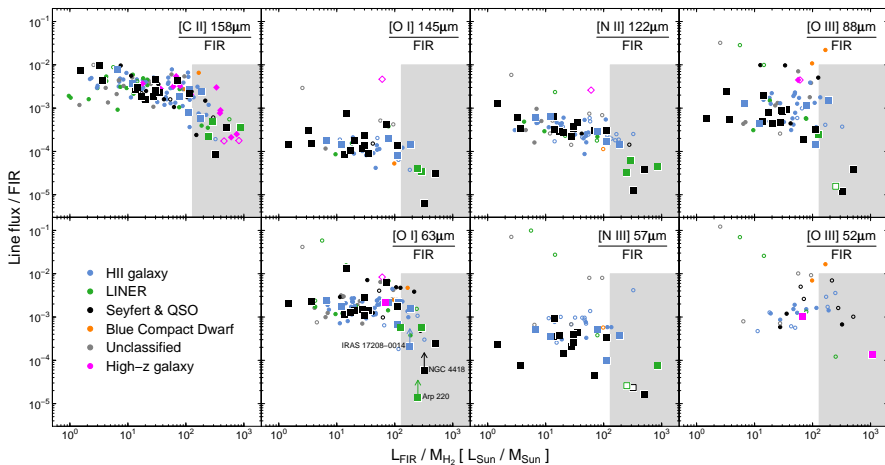
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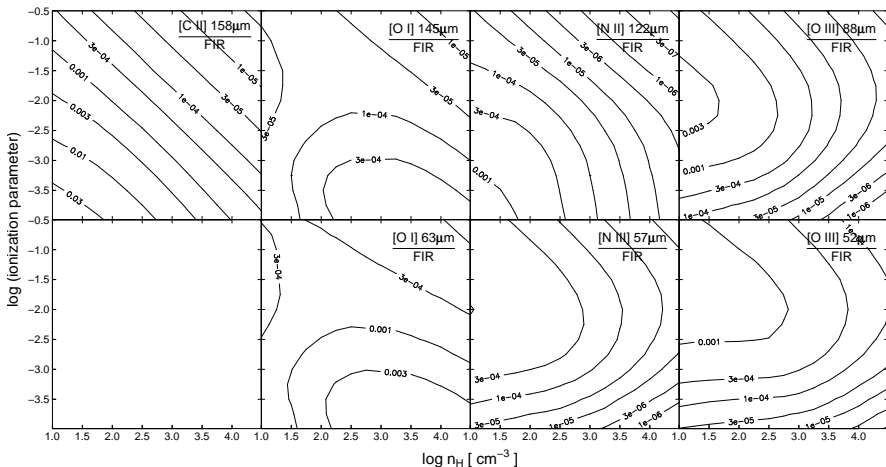
$$L_{\text{FIR}}/M_{\text{H}_2} \simeq 100\text{--}1000 L_{\odot} M_{\odot}^{-1}$$

A general far-infrared line deficit



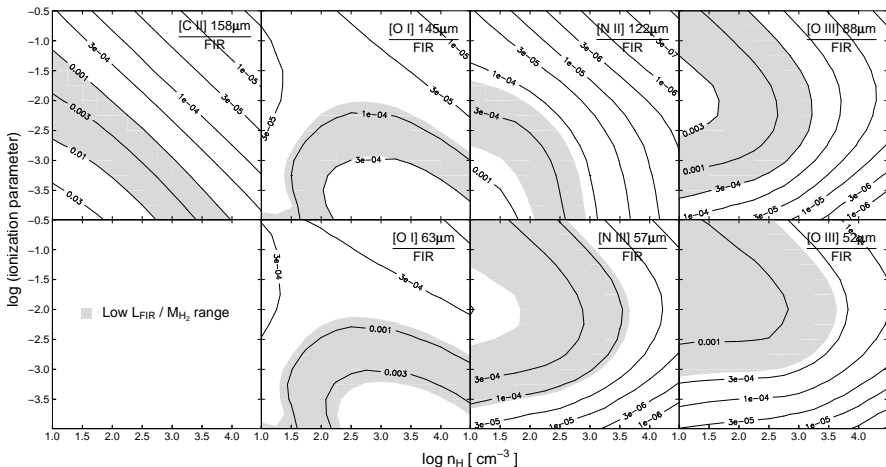
[Graciá-Carpio et al. 2010, submitted]

Cloudy models



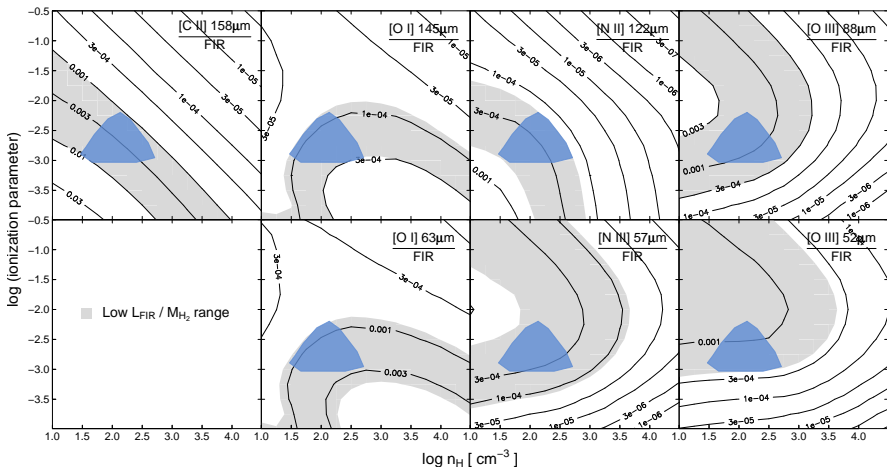
$$T_* = 36000 \text{ K}, A_V = 100 \text{ mag}$$

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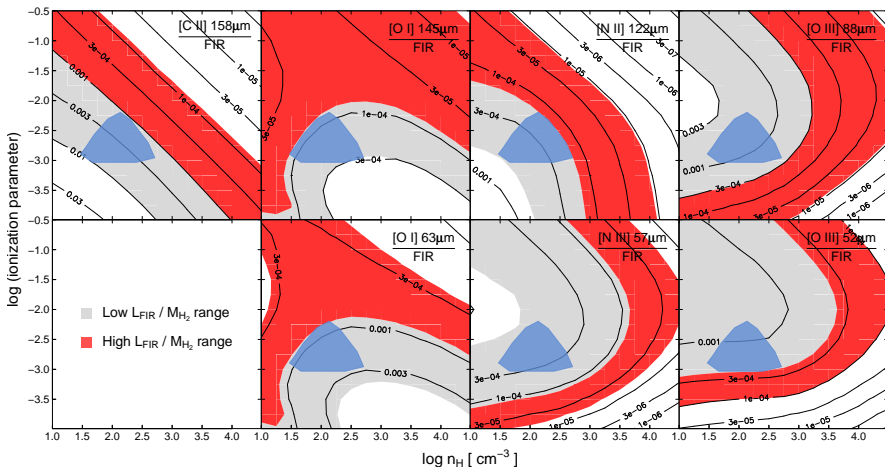
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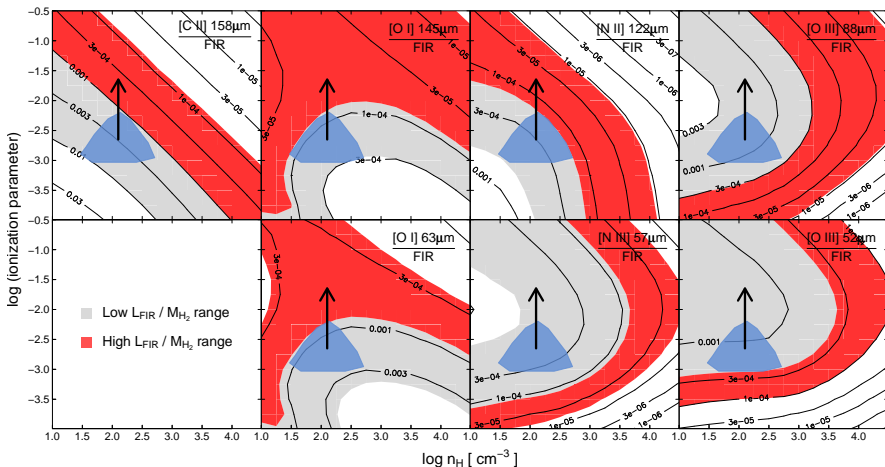
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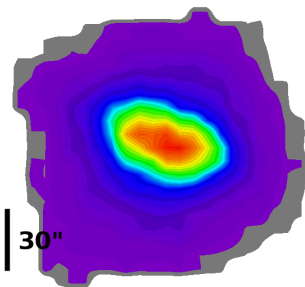
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Spatially resolved information

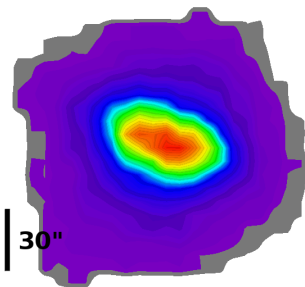
M 82 [C II] $158\mu\text{m}$



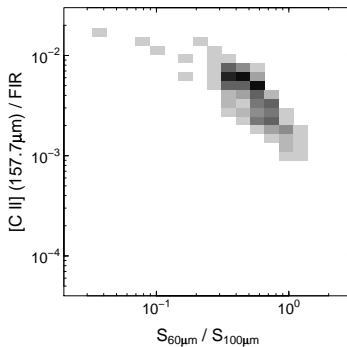
[Contursi et al. 2010, in preparation]

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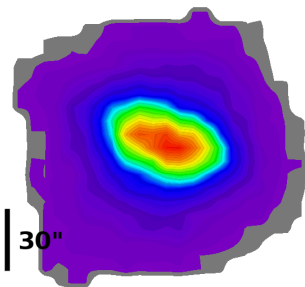
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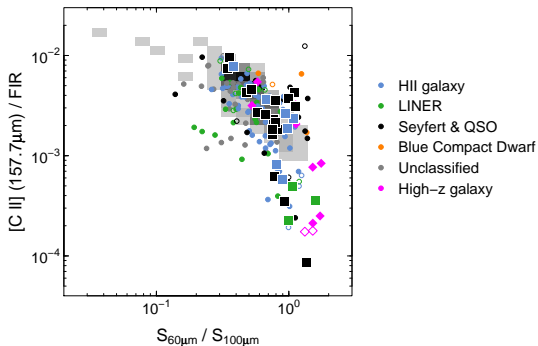
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Spatially resolved information

M 82 [C II] 158 μm 

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Conclusions

- $L_{\text{FIR}}/M_{\text{H}_2}$ is a good proxy for the relative brightness of the far-infrared fine structure lines.
- We find line deficits in all the fine structure lines, regardless of their origin in the ionized or neutral phase of the ISM.
- The $L_{\text{FIR}}/M_{\text{H}_2}$ threshold is similar to the limit that separates between the two modes of star formation recently found in galaxies.
- High ionization parameters can explain the line deficits in the [C II], [O I] and [N II] lines. Further modeling is needed to explain the [N III] and [O III] lines.
- More to come!