



Key Science with SPICA: Galaxy Evolution and Mass Assembly

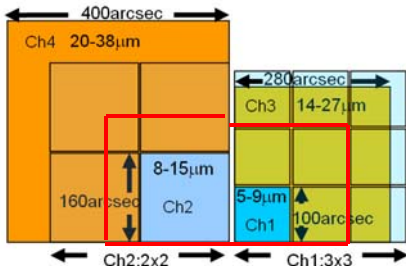
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Mid to far-infrared imaging & low-resolution multi-object spectroscopic capabilities of SPICA will enable us to understand the dust obscured galaxy evolution and mass assembly history of the Universe out to $z \sim 5$

Key Scientific Objectives: Summary

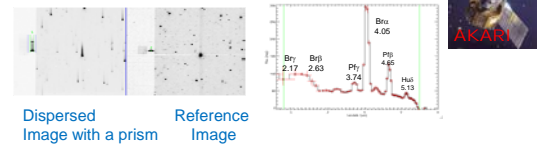
- ◆ Resolve the Cosmic InfraRed Background : the energy production history of the universe, a half of which is hidden by dust
- ◆ Search for Buried (dust-obscured) Super Massive Black Holes in distant ($z \sim 2-3$) Ultra-Luminous Infrared Galaxies (ULIRGs)
- ◆ Mass Assembly / Star-formation History of the Universe : higher $-z$, smaller mass than achieved with Spitzer & AKARI

SPICA Wide-Field Mid-IR Imager

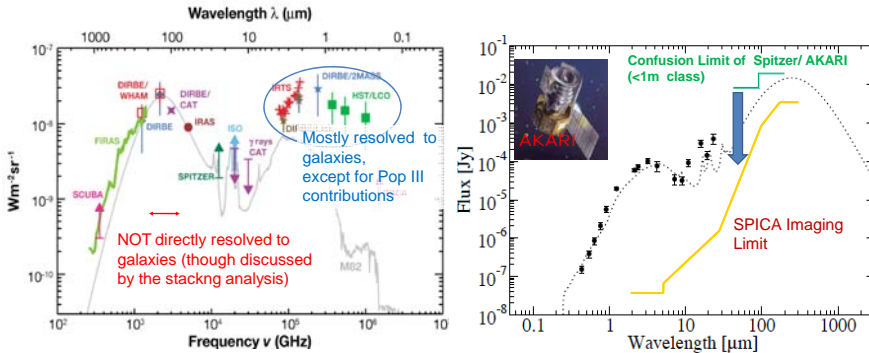


Multi-object Spectroscopy

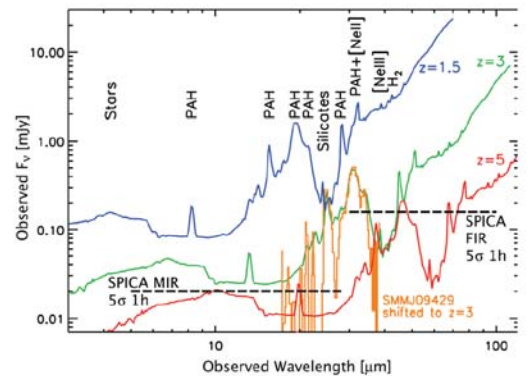
SPICA MIR imagers will incorporate slitless spectroscopic mode with a low-dispersion Grism like AKARI/IRC (Ohyama et al. 2007)



Resolving Cosmic IR Background



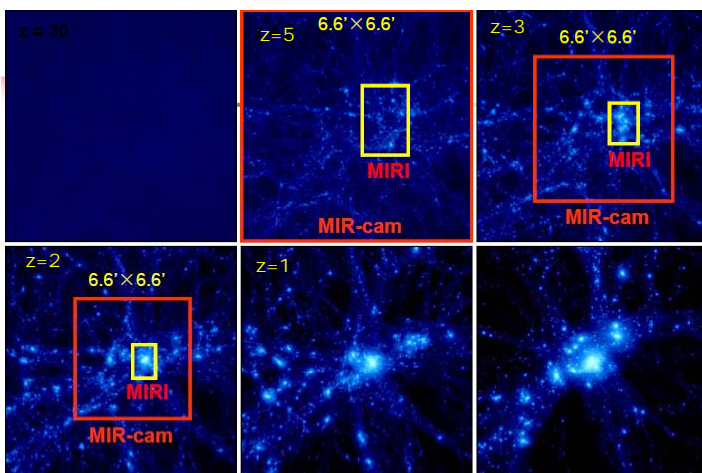
low-R spectroscopy with SPICA



Large aperture (3.5m) telescope of SPICA enables us to overcome the serious confusion limit which prevent us with $\sim 1\text{m}$ class telescope from resolving the cosmic far-infrared background. See dramatic gain especially at 50-90 microns.

SPICA will have the sensitivity in low-resolution mode ($R \sim 100$) to detect PAH/silicate features in dusty distant galaxies out to $z \sim 3$ in 1 hour's integration, and out to $z > 4$ in 10 hours. These features provide important pointers to the physical processes powering distant dusty galaxies.

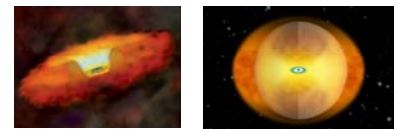
Mass assembly & Star-formation History hidden by dust



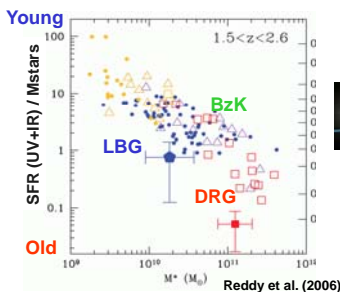
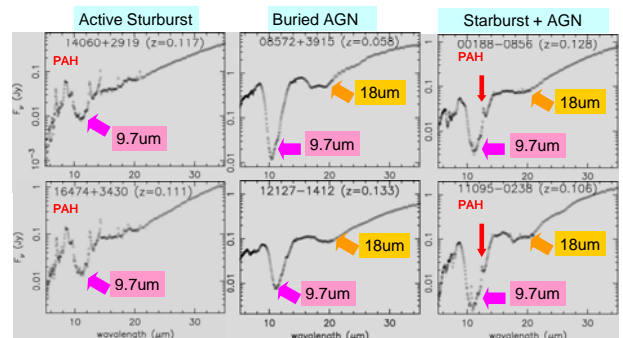
A Massive Cluster ($6 \times 10^{14} M_\odot$), $20 \times 20 \text{Mpc}^2$ (co-moving)

Yahagi et al. (2005)

Search for Buried (dust-obscured) Super Massive Black Holes in ULIRGs



AGN with torus (left) can be studied by optical spectroscopy, however many AGN are buried in dusty cloud (right)
→ energy source of ULIRGs
ULIRGs may be also powered by Starburst. This can be discriminated by mid & far-IR low-resolution spectroscopy.



Galaxy Evolution with (SFR/M* vs M*) diagram



"Galaxy Zoo" should be understood by a general diagram describing the star-formation activity in the universe.
SPICA will achieve sensitivities >10 times deeper than Spitzer.
→ Can go to higher z , smaller stellar mass (M^*)



M. Imanishi, Spitzer GO
With Spitzer & AKARI, only a few $\times 10$ ULIRGs at $z < 1$ could be studied : SPICA enables us to go to $z > 3$!!