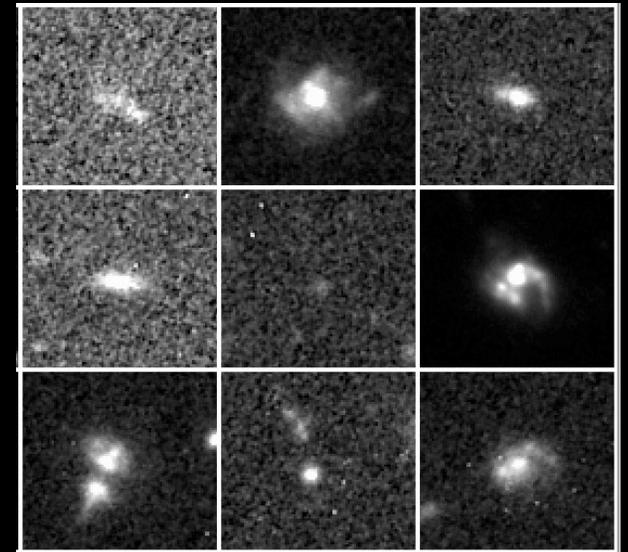
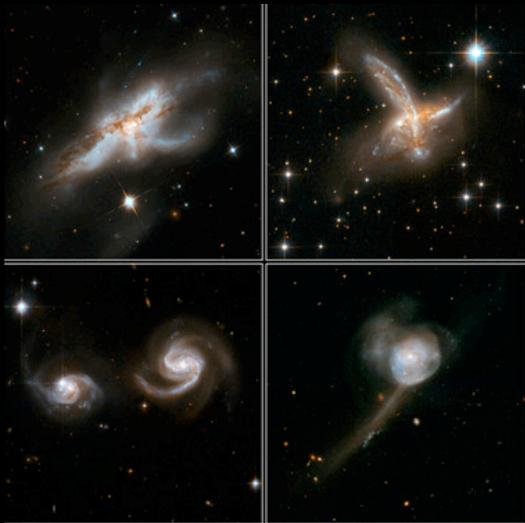


The Role of Galaxy Mergers Among High Redshift ($z \sim 2$) ULIRGs



Jeyhan Kartaltepe

Hubble Fellow, NOAO

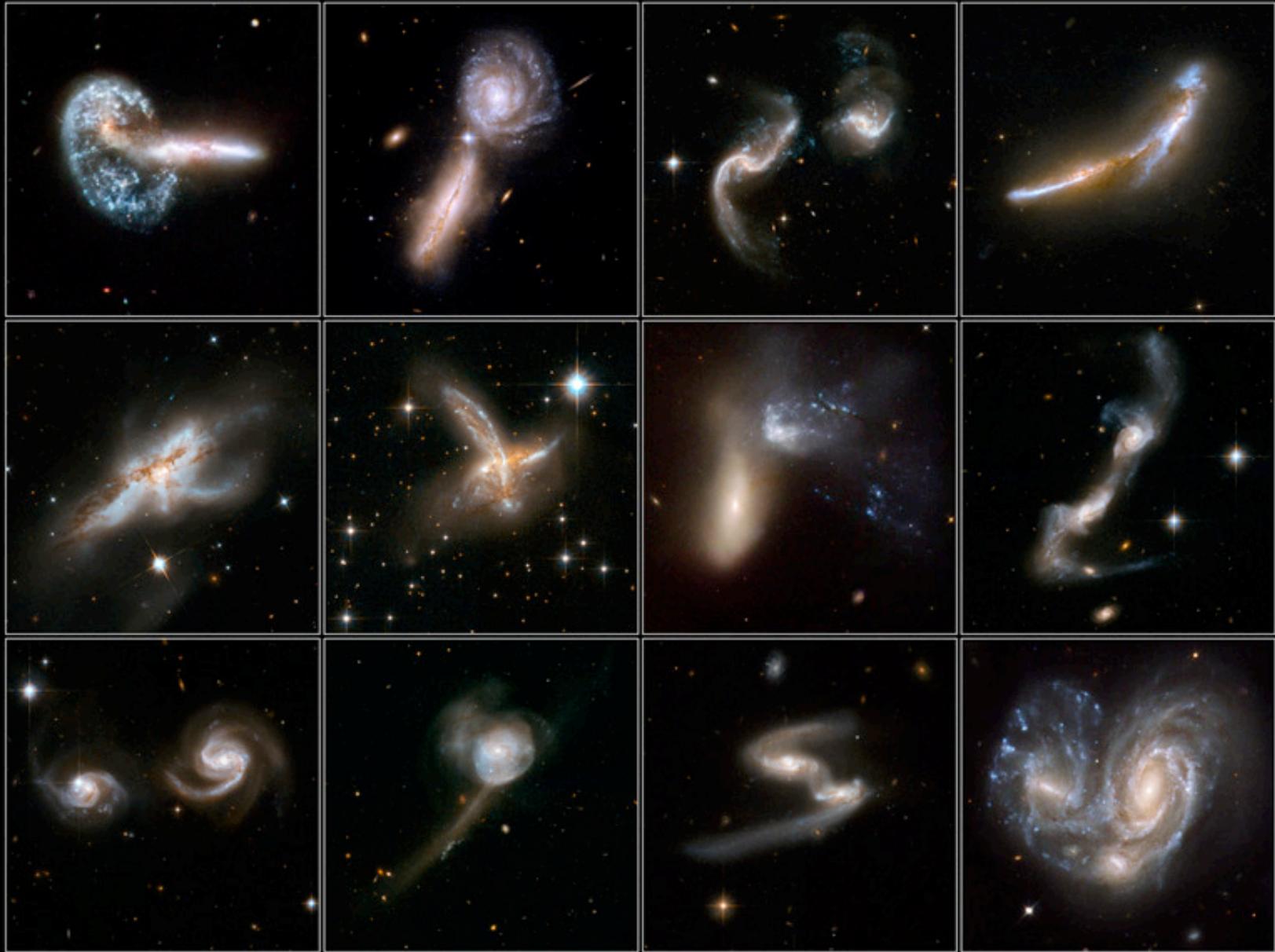
GOODS-Herschel & CANDELS Teams

Through the Infrared Looking Glass: A Dusty View of Galaxy and AGN Evolution

2011 October 4

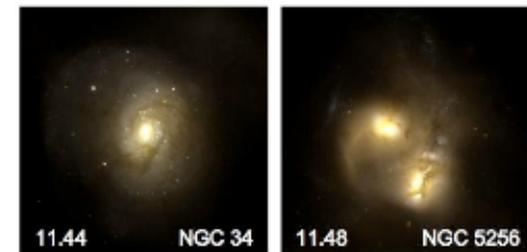
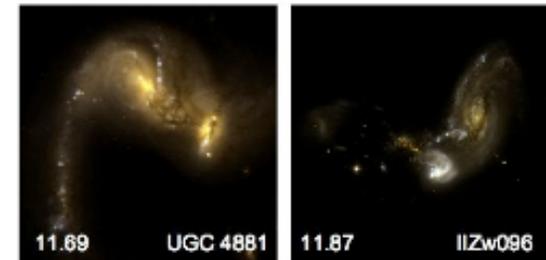
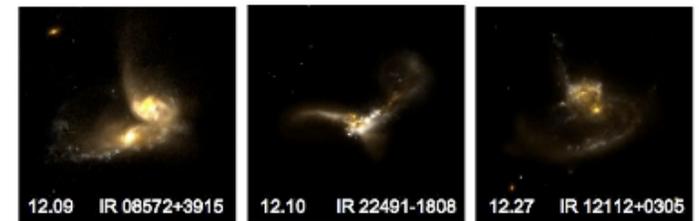
Interacting Galaxies

Hubble Space Telescope • ACS/WFC • WFPC2



Properties of Local (U)LIRGs

- ULIRGs: IRAS 1 Jy Sample, $\text{med}(z) = 0.145$ (Veilleux, Kim, & Sanders 2002)
 - $> 99\%$ are major mergers of gas rich spirals
- LIRGs: RBGS, $\text{med}(z) = 0.0082$ (Sanders et al 2003, Ishida 2004)
 - $\log(L_{\text{IR}}) > 11.5$
 - strongly interacting major mergers (65%)
 - doubles (18%)
 - minor interactions (18%)
 - $\log(L_{\text{IR}}) < 11.5$
 - strongly interacting major mergers (36%)
 - doubles (23%),
 - minor interactions (15%)
 - high luminosity end of normal star forming disks (26%)

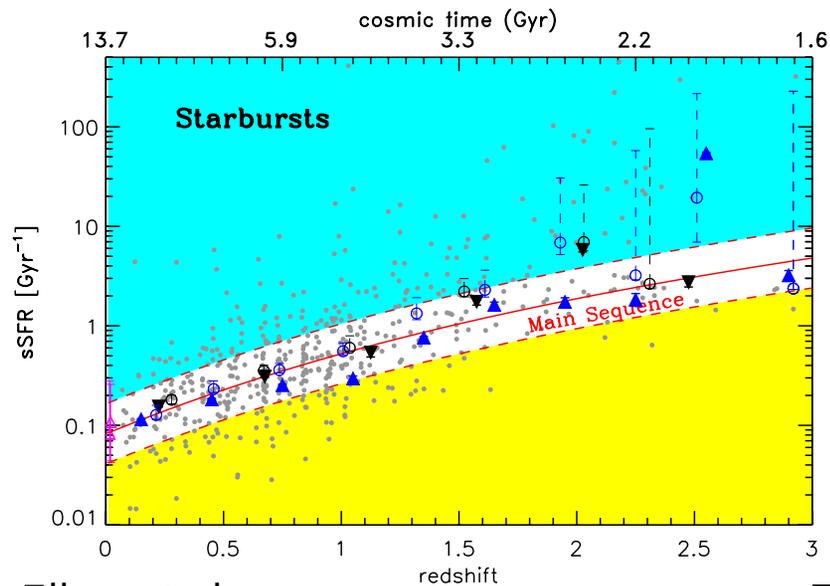


Fraction of mergers increases systematically with L_{IR} !

High Redshift ($z \sim 2$) ULIRGs

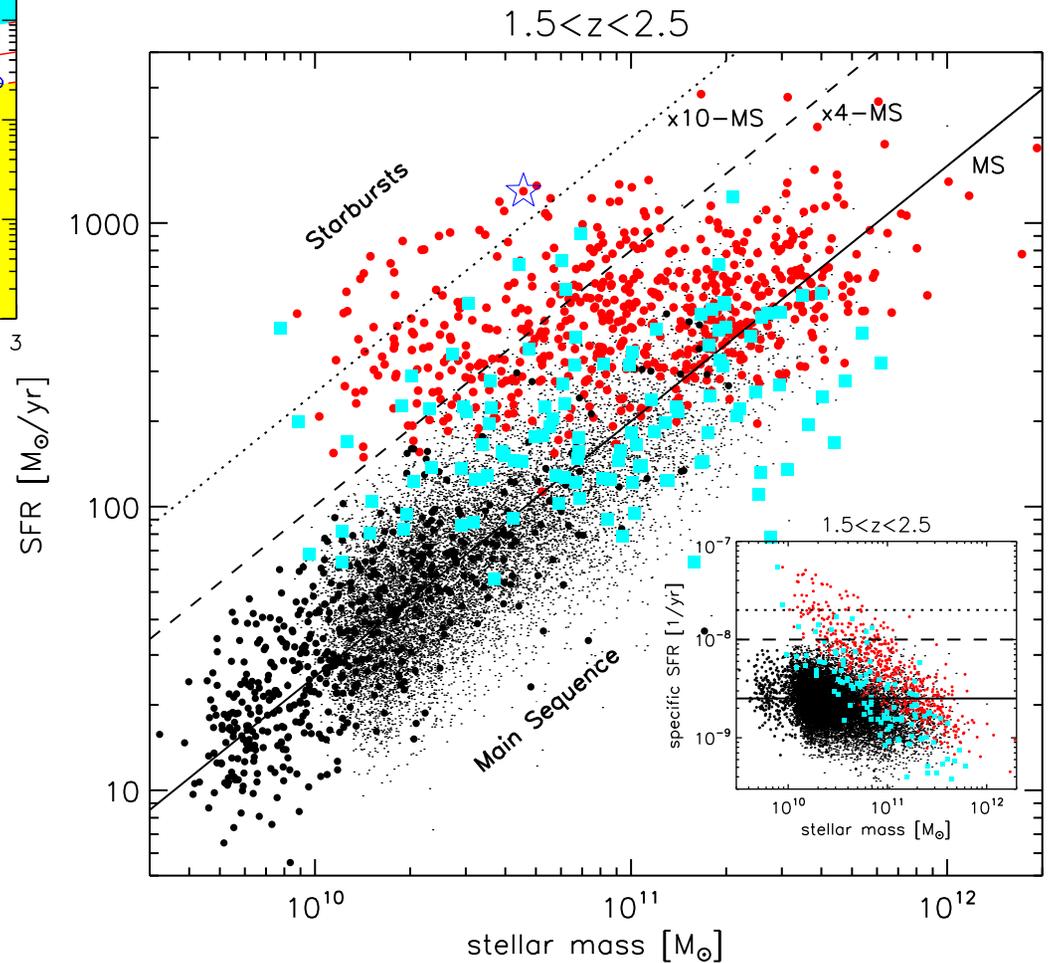
- Are mergers necessary to produce these extreme luminosities?
- Studies at high redshift have been limited so far
 - Small samples
 - Uncertain luminosities
 - Lack of rest-frame optical imaging
- Most previous studies have been based on Spitzer 24 μm selection
 - Pre-Herschel, longer wavelength data has only been available for small numbers of objects (e.g., Spitzer 70/160 μm , Submillimeter)
- We can do much better with GOODS-*Herschel*!

"Main Sequence" and Starburst Galaxies



Elbaz et al. 2011

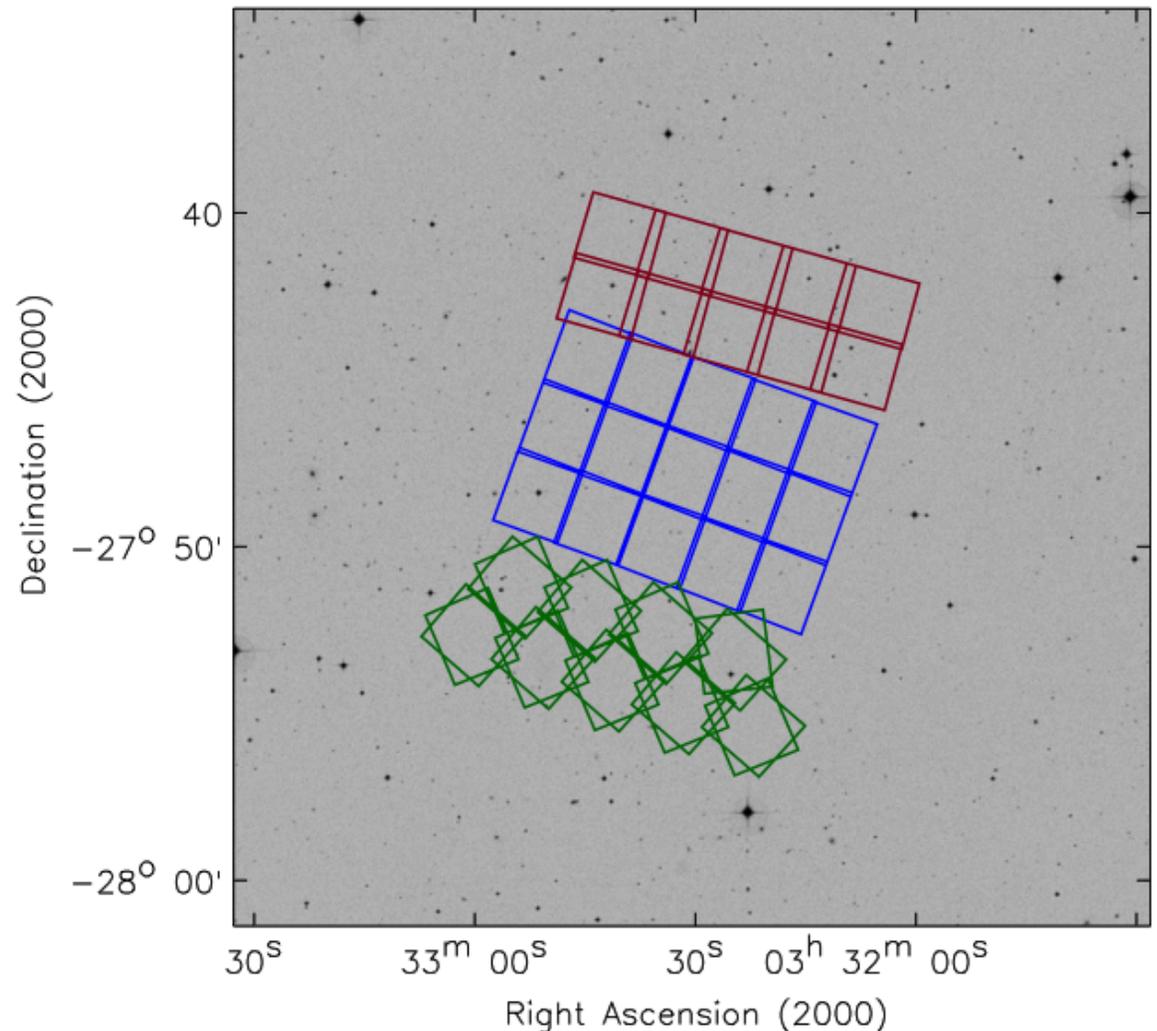
Rodighiero et al. 2011



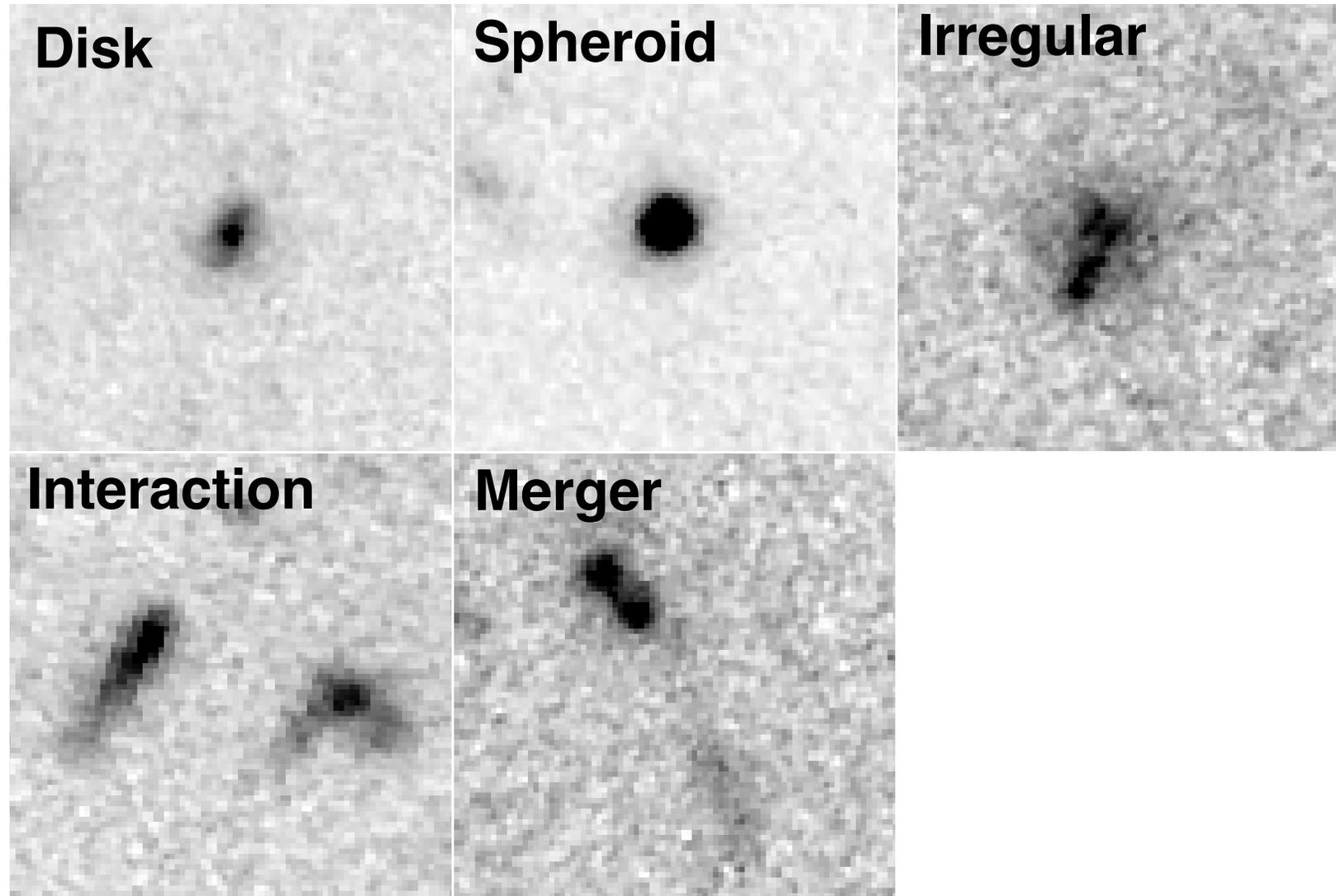
What is the role of mergers among starbursts and "main sequence" galaxies at $z \sim 2$?

GOODS-*Herschel* & CANDELS

- A match made in heaven!
- Rest-frame optical imaging for $z \sim 2$ galaxies
- Ideal for probing structure of high- z ULIRGs

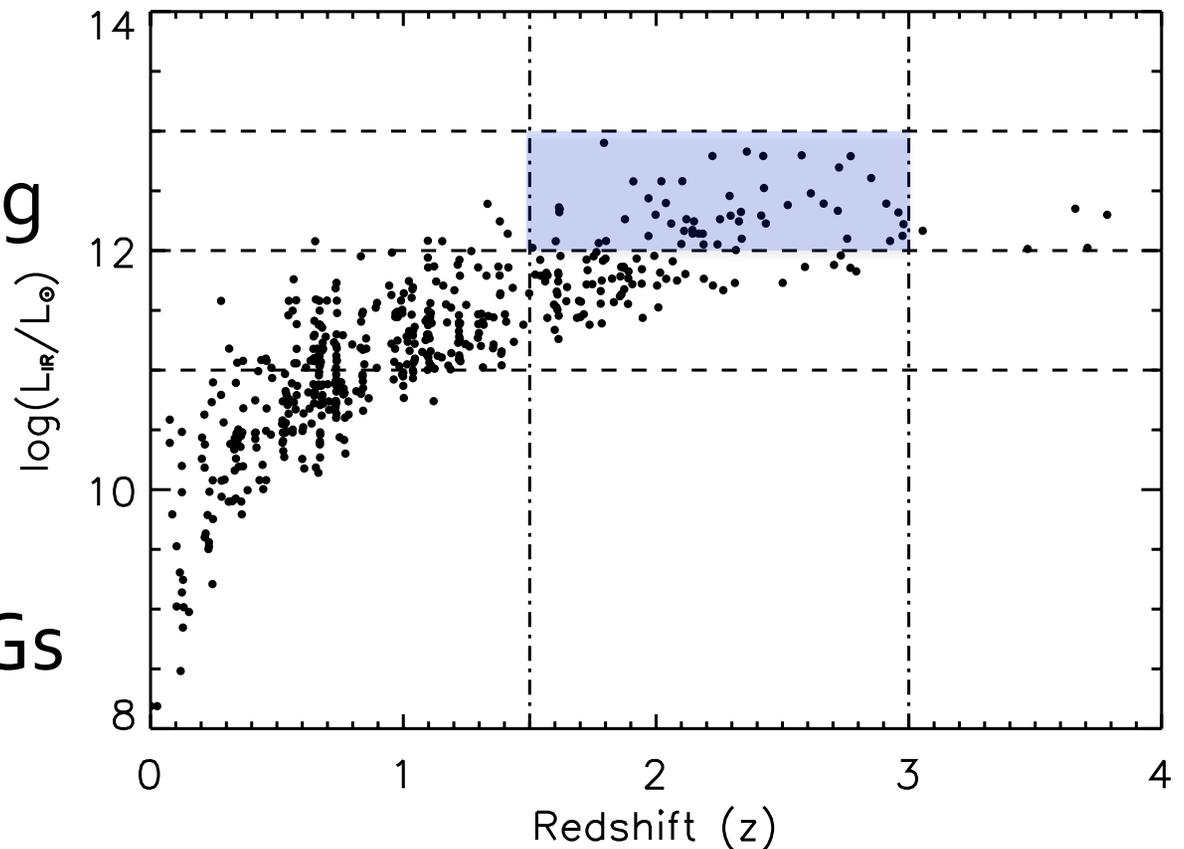


Visual Classification Scheme



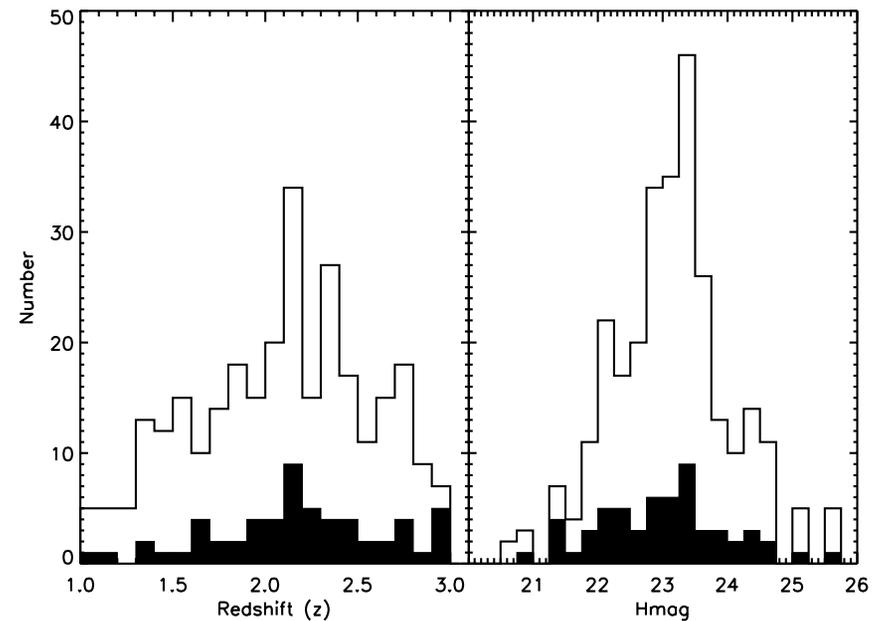
GOODS-Herschel ULIRG Sample

- Focus on all ULIRGs with $z=1.5-3$ in GOODS-S
- 51 ULIRGs with CANDELS imaging
- $\langle \log(L_{\text{IR}}) \rangle \sim 12.26$
- $\langle z \rangle \sim 2.2$
- Additional 74 LIRGs over this z range

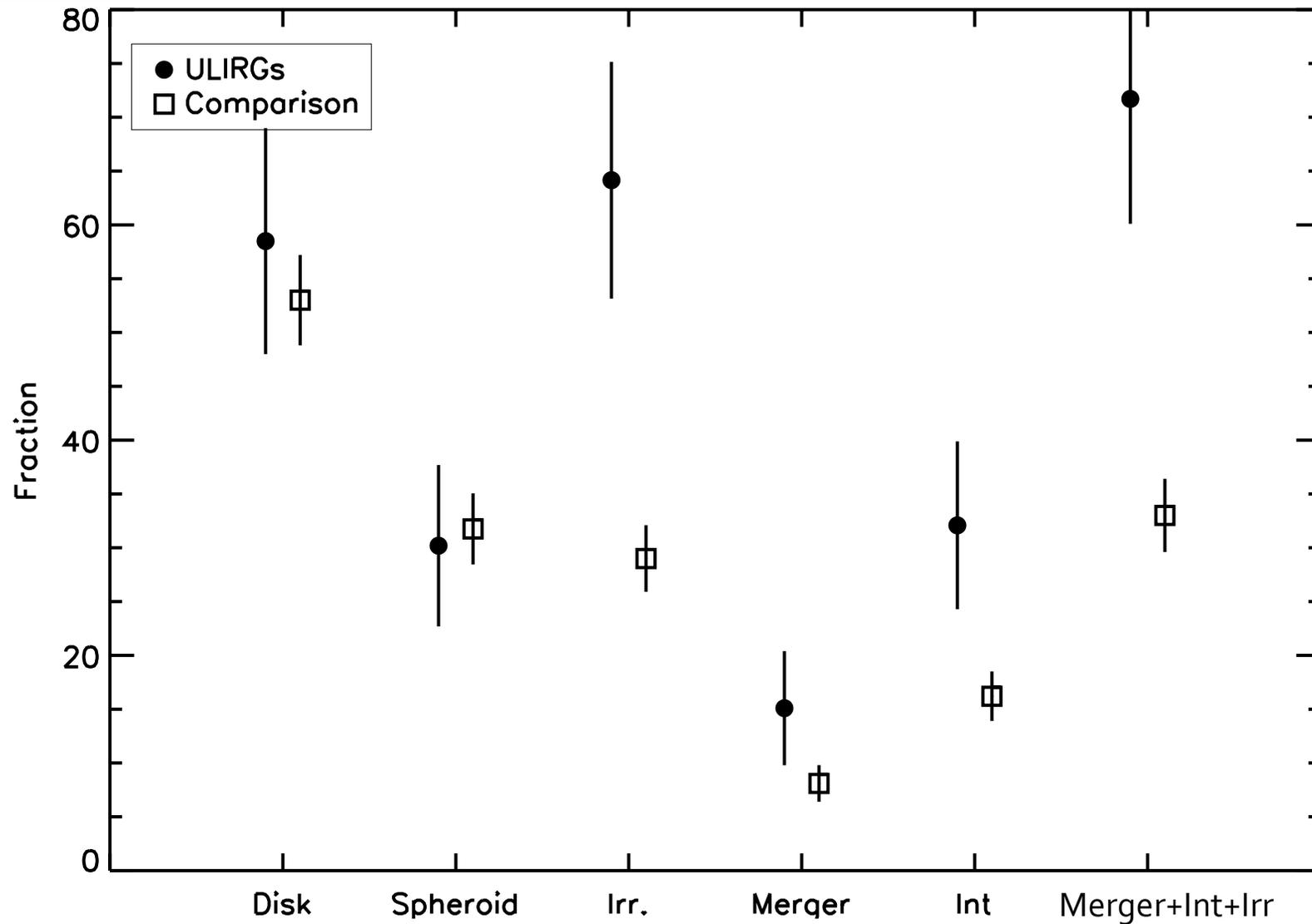


Comparison Sample

- Selected ~ 300 comparison galaxies
- Roughly matched to redshift and H magnitude
 - Slightly fainter
- Randomized and classified ULIRGs + comparison
 - Visual classification scheme
 - Classified by me + 3-5 other classifiers
 - Analyzed agreement

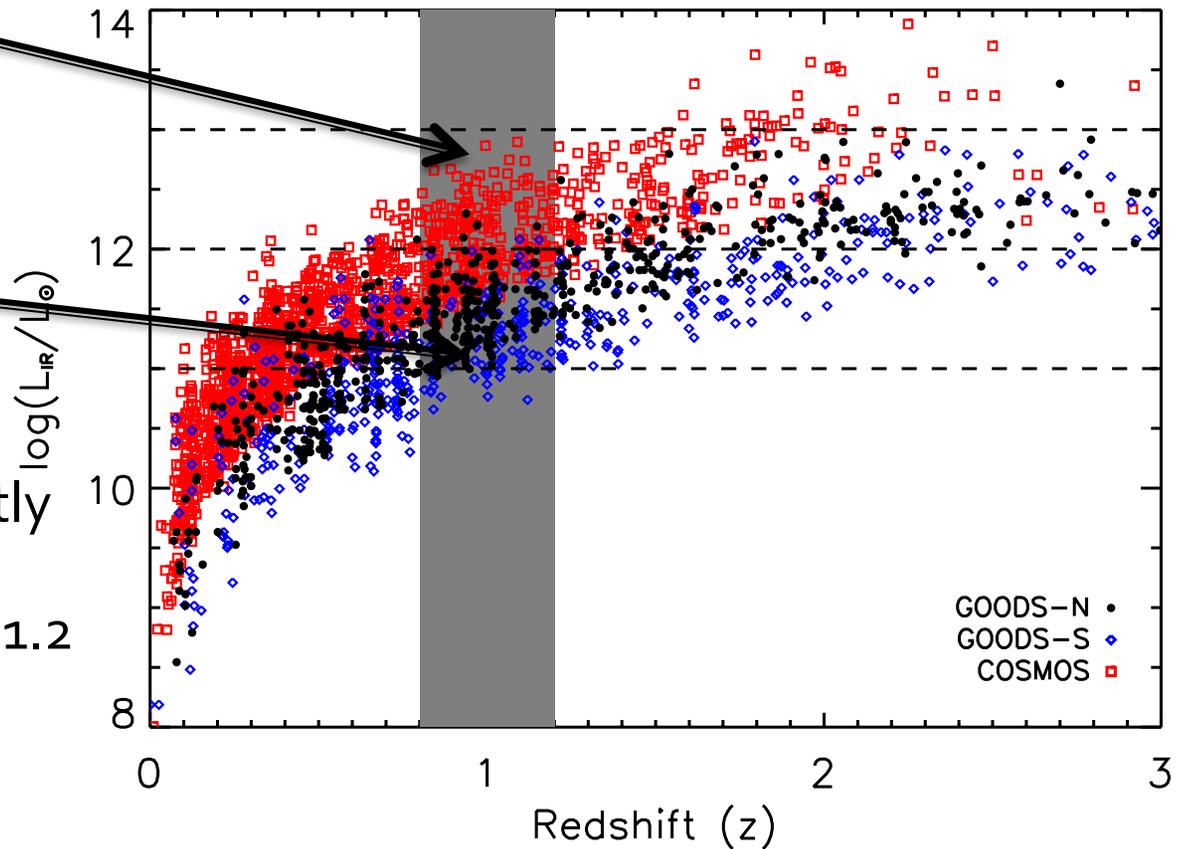


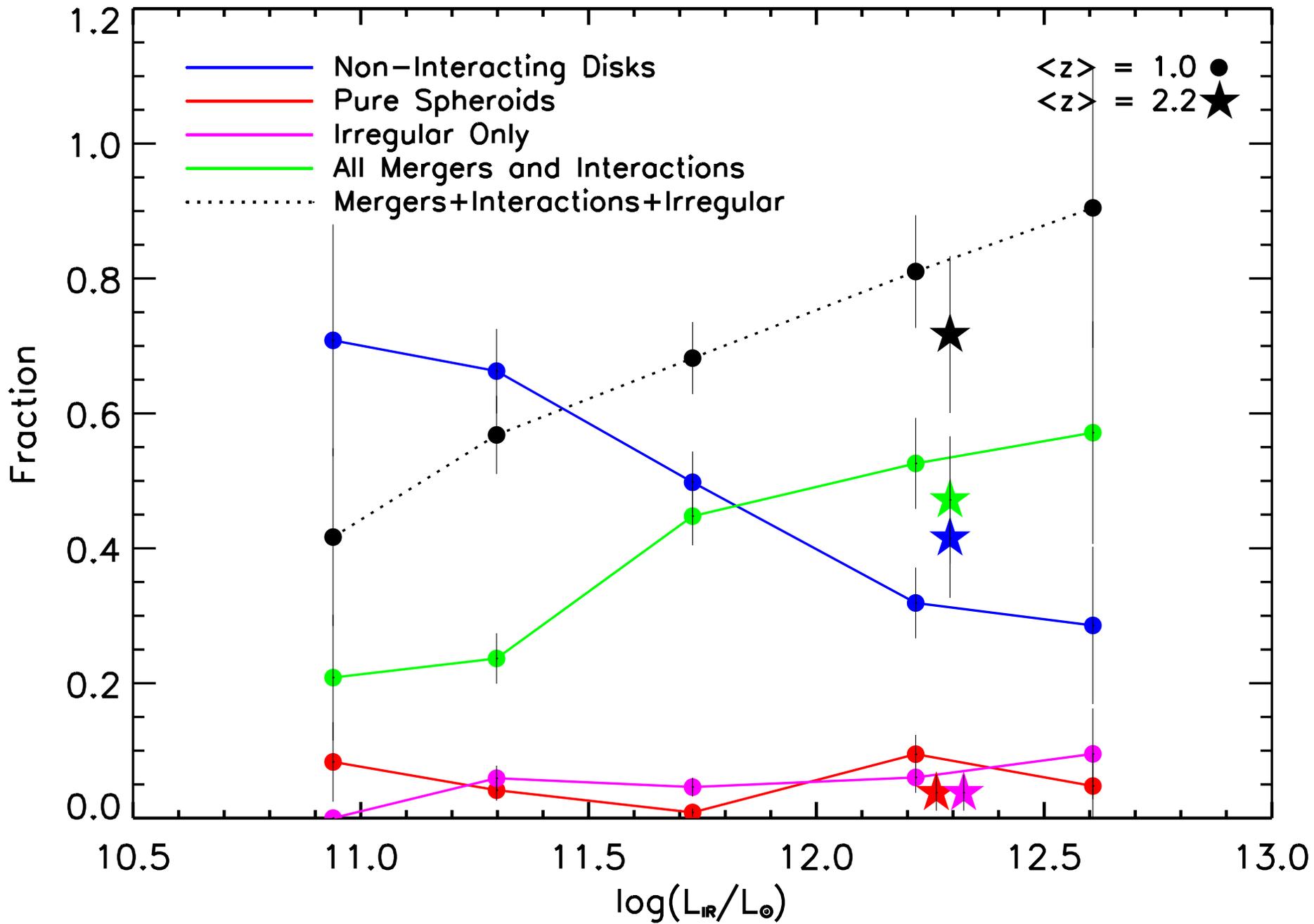
Results



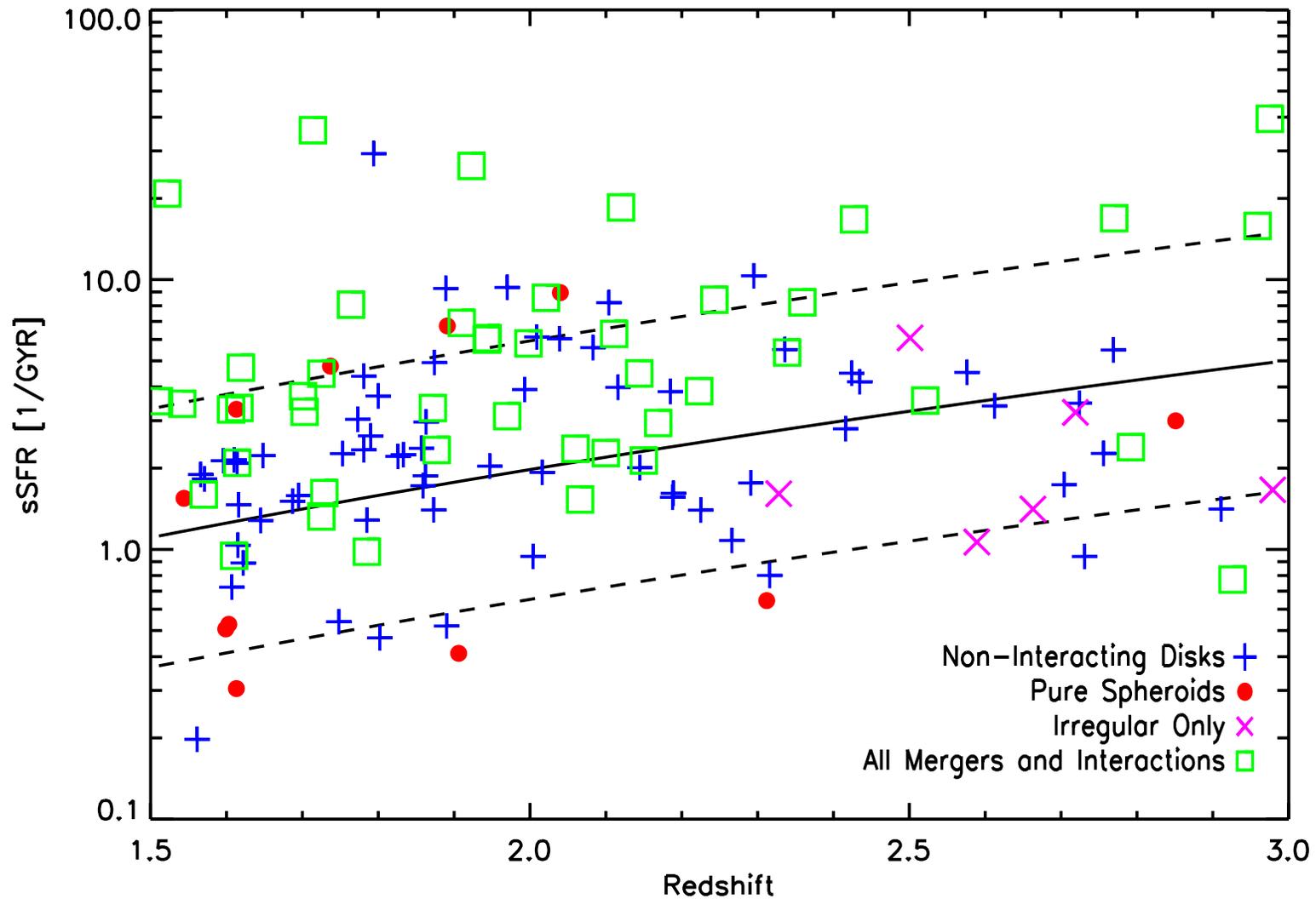
Comparison with $z \sim 1$

- COSMOS 70 μm
 - 277 sources $0.8 < z < 1.2$
 - $\text{Log}(L_{\text{IR}}) = 11.3 - 12.9$
- GOODS-Herschel
 - North+South
 - 100/160 μm
 - Smaller area, significantly deeper
 - 293 sources w/ $0.8 < z < 1.2$
 - $\text{Log}(L_{\text{IR}}) = 10.6 - 12.4$
- Classified using ACS imaging

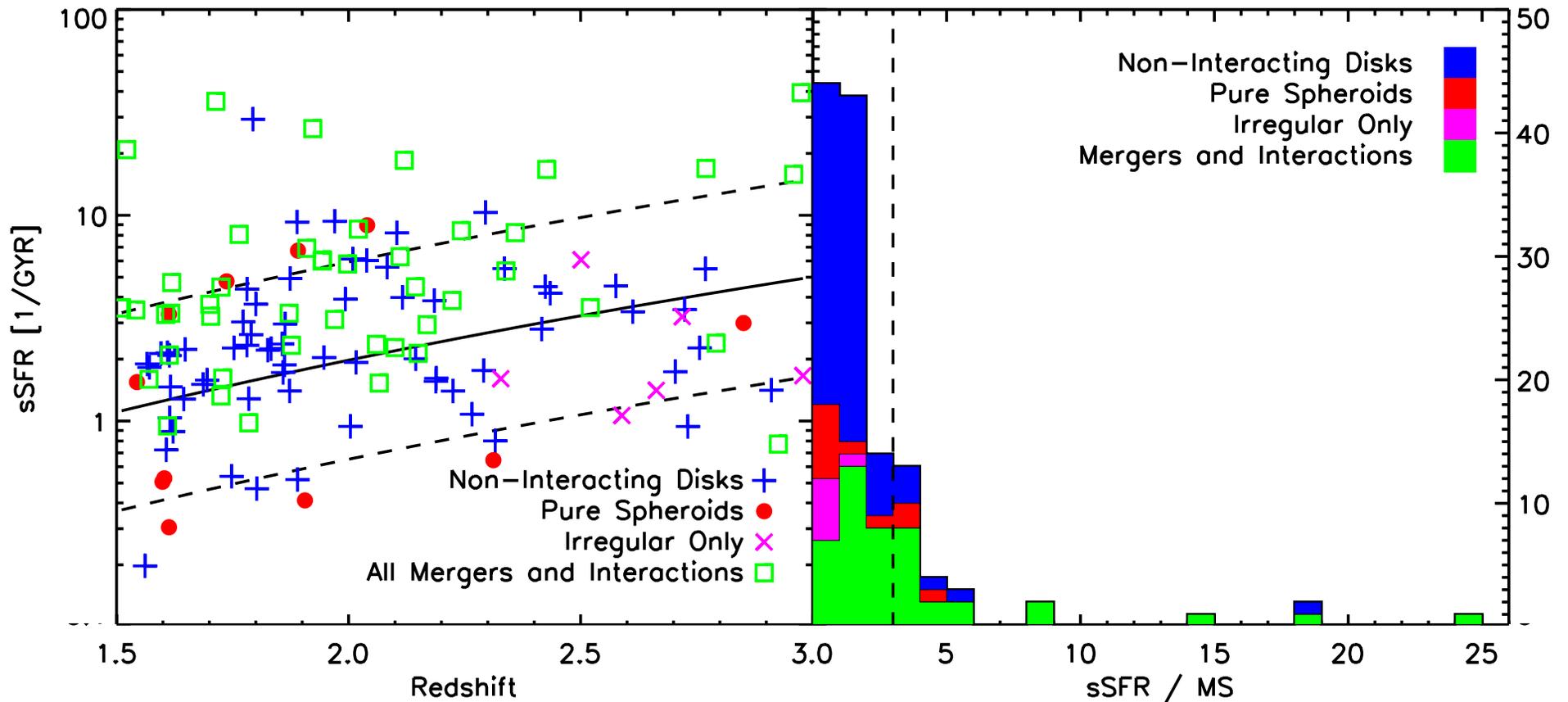




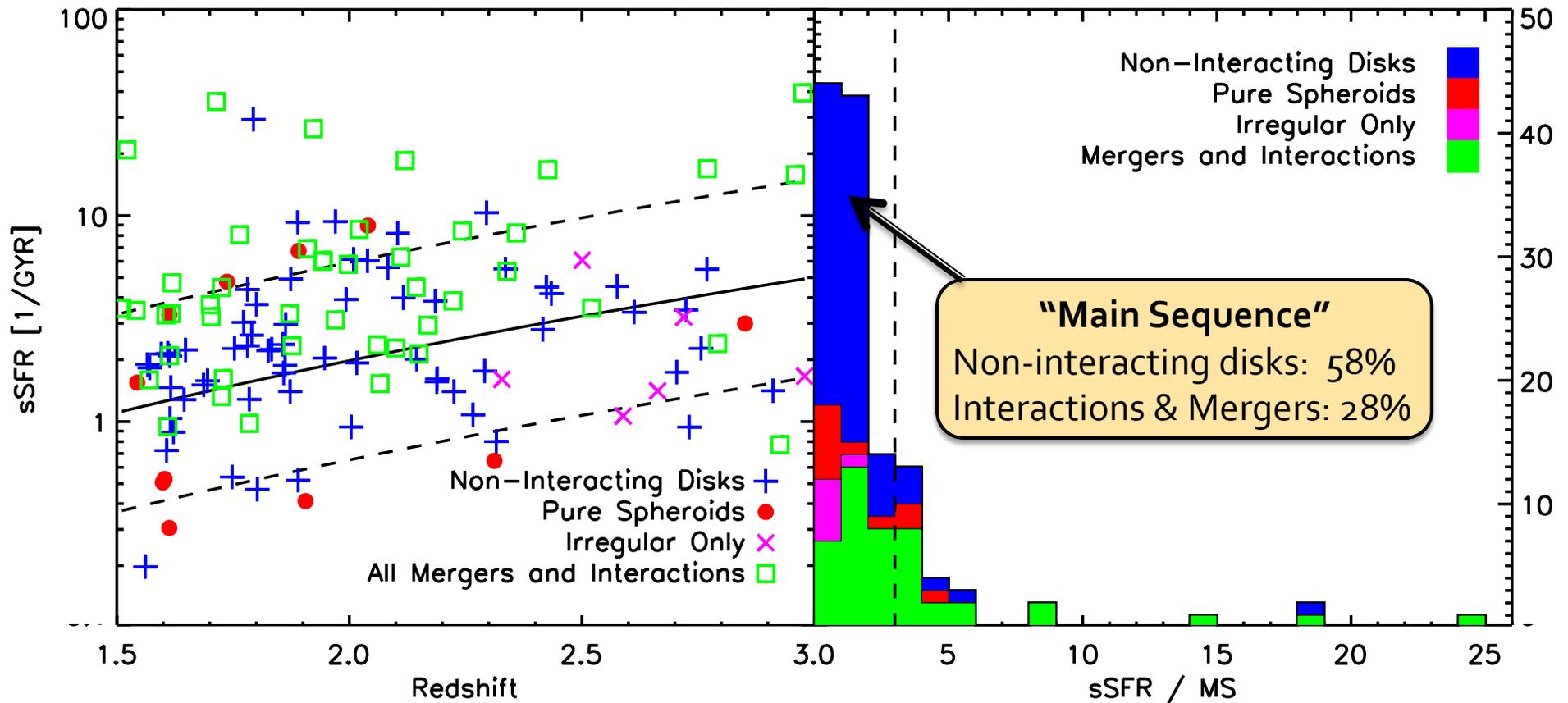
Are $z \sim 2$ ULIRGs Starbursts?



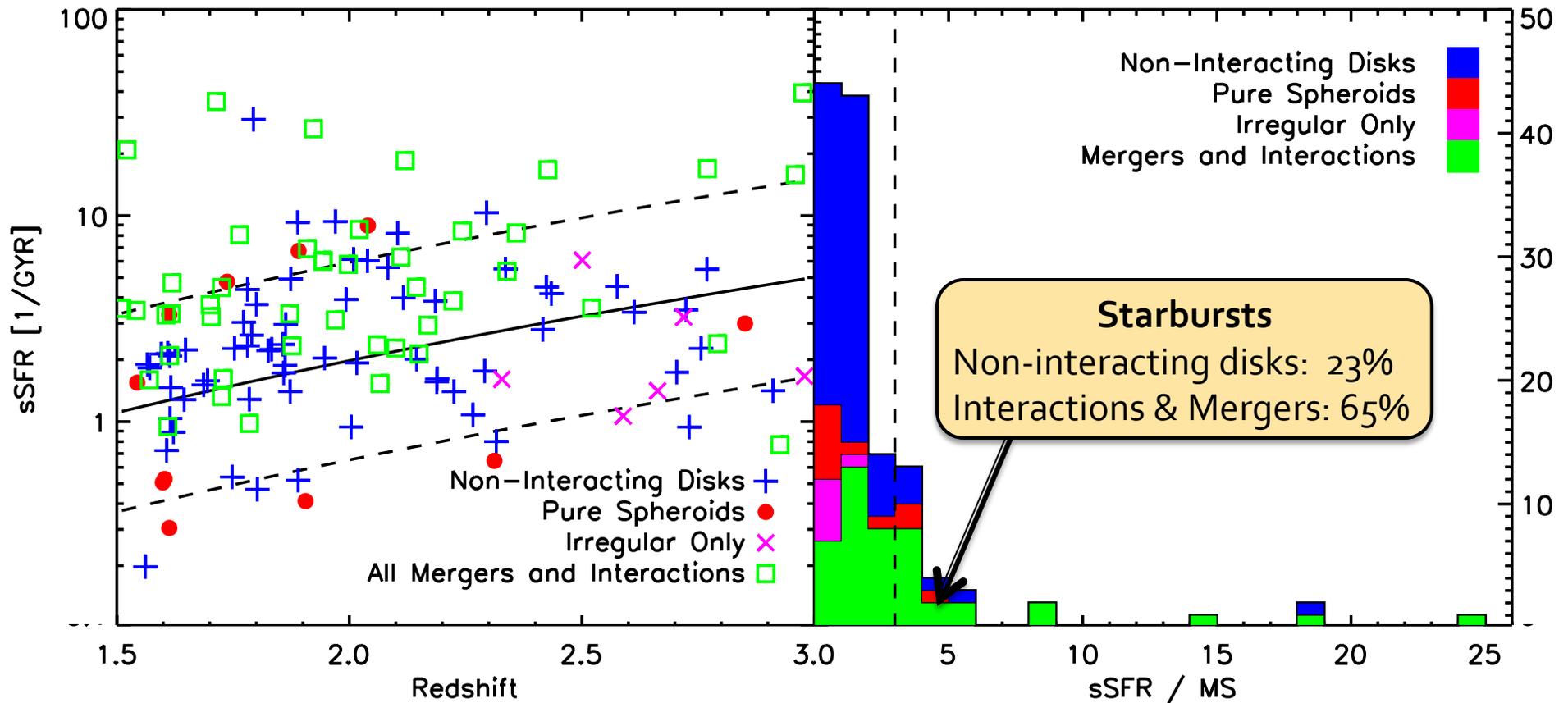
Are $z \sim 2$ ULIRGs Starbursts?



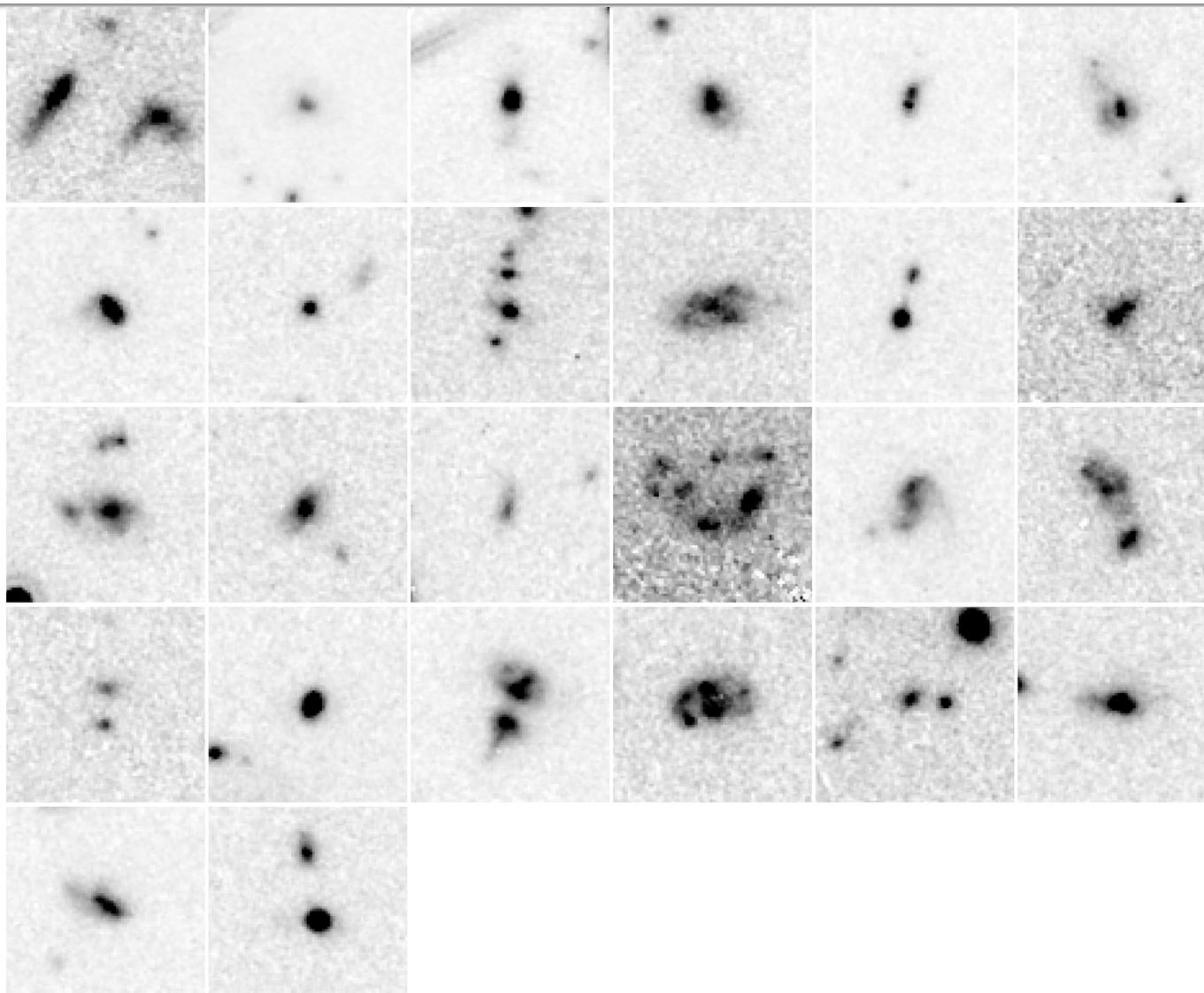
Are $z \sim 2$ ULIRGs Starbursts?



Are $z \sim 2$ ULIRGs Starbursts?



Starbursts

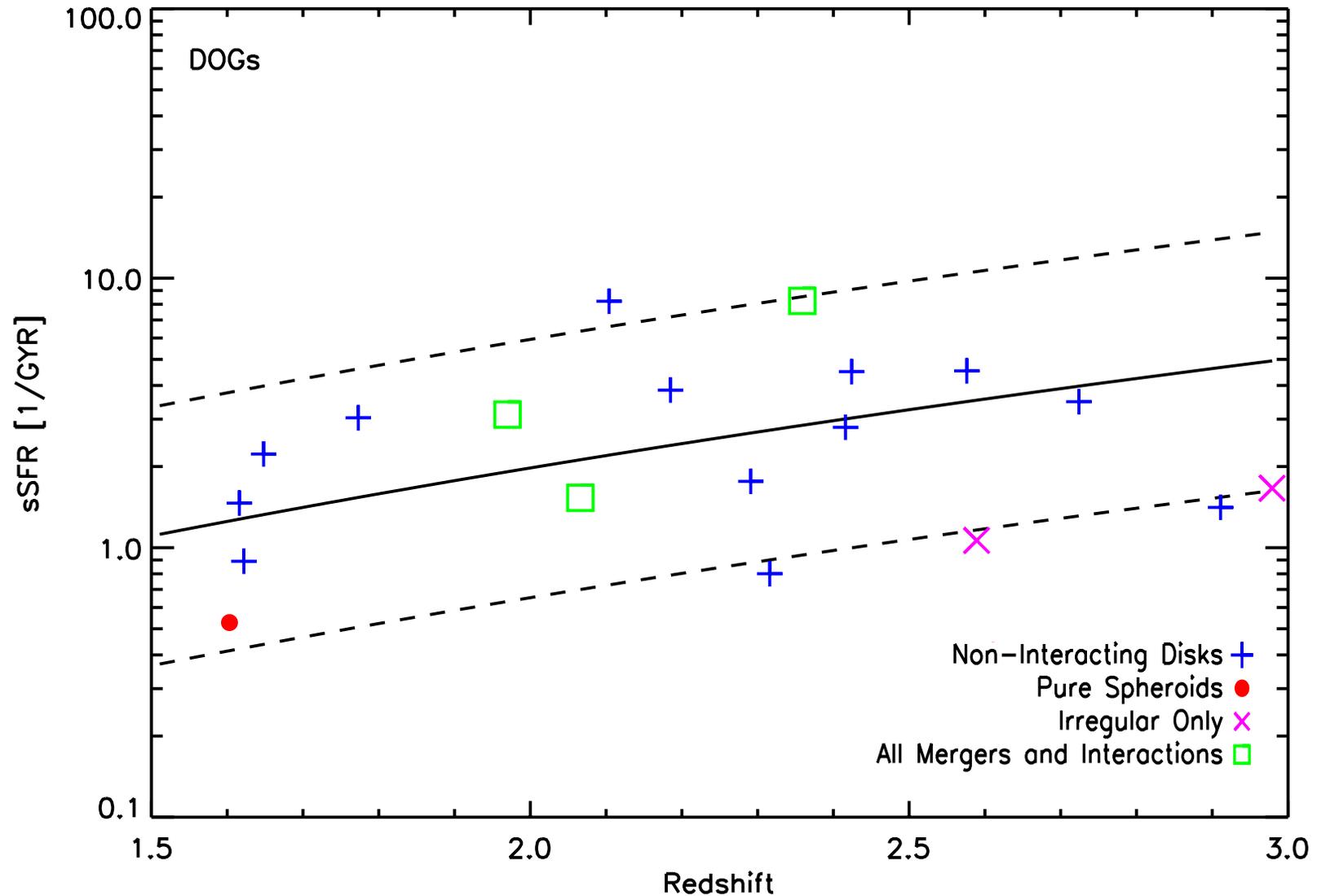


Conclusions

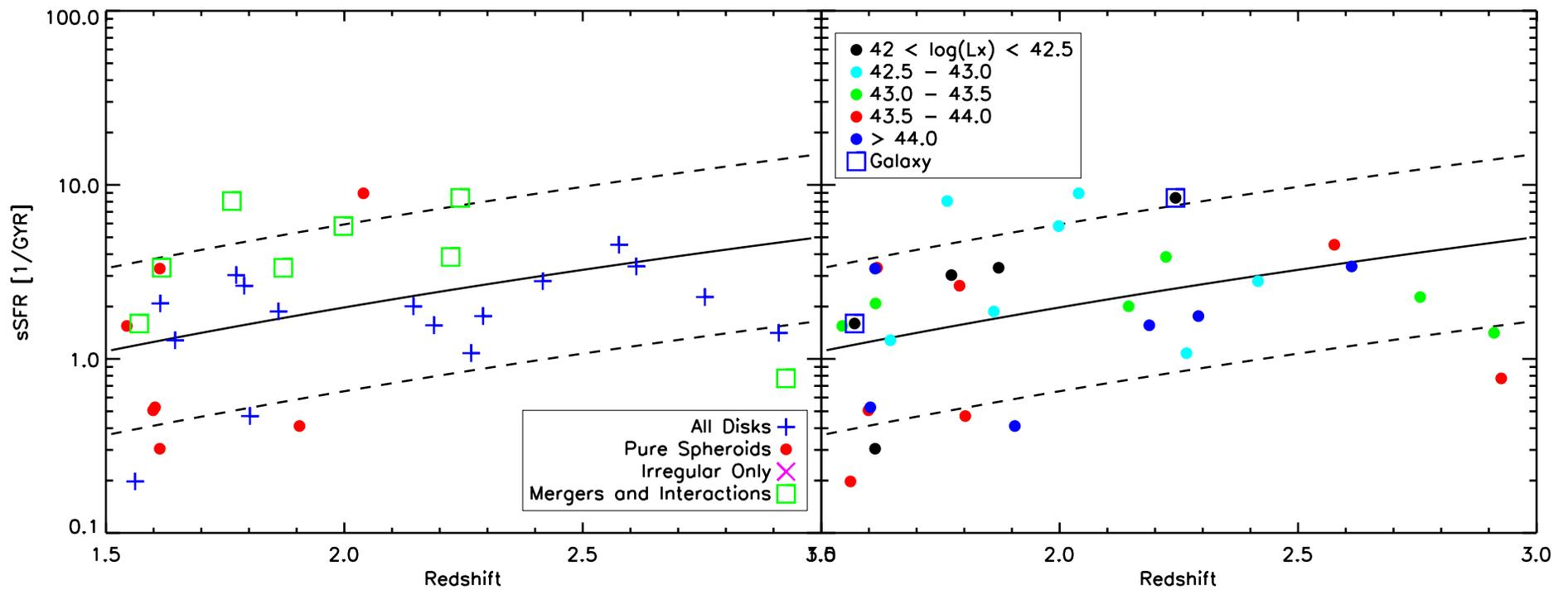
- Morphologies of $z \sim 2$ ULIRGs span a wide range
 - 'Disks' make up a significant fraction (many irregular)
 - 40% non-interacting, 60% total
 - $\sim 45\%$ are mergers or interactions
 - Additional $\sim 25\%$ are irregular (minor mergers?)
 - Comparable to fractions at $z \sim 1$, slightly lower
 - More likely to be interacting pairs than advanced mergers

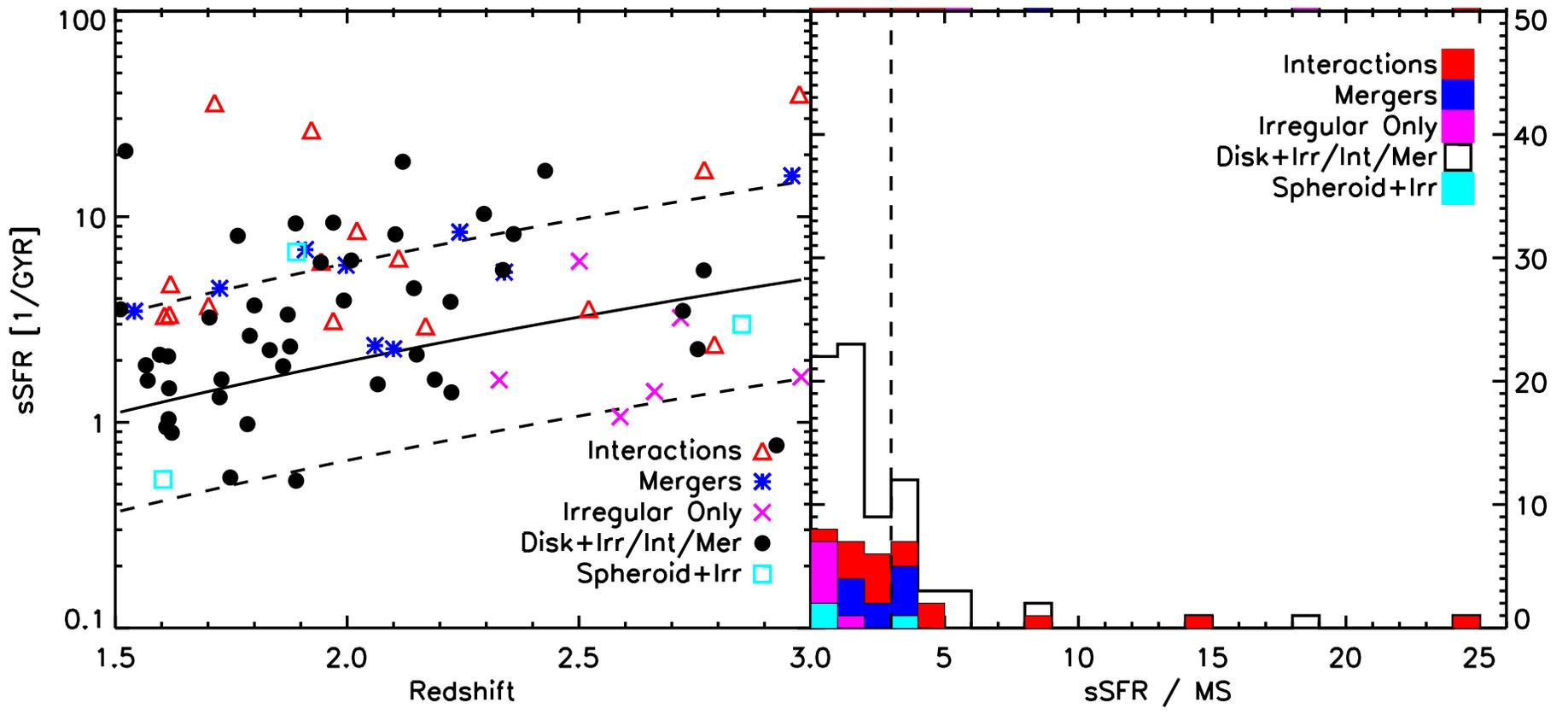
→ $z \sim 2$ ULIRGs more like $z \sim 0$ LIRGs
- Most (U)LIRGs on the main sequence are disks (58%)
 - BUT significant (28%) number are mergers
- Most starbursts are mergers/interactions (65%)
- Enhanced role of minor mergers?

Where do DOGs live?



Where are X-ray AGN?

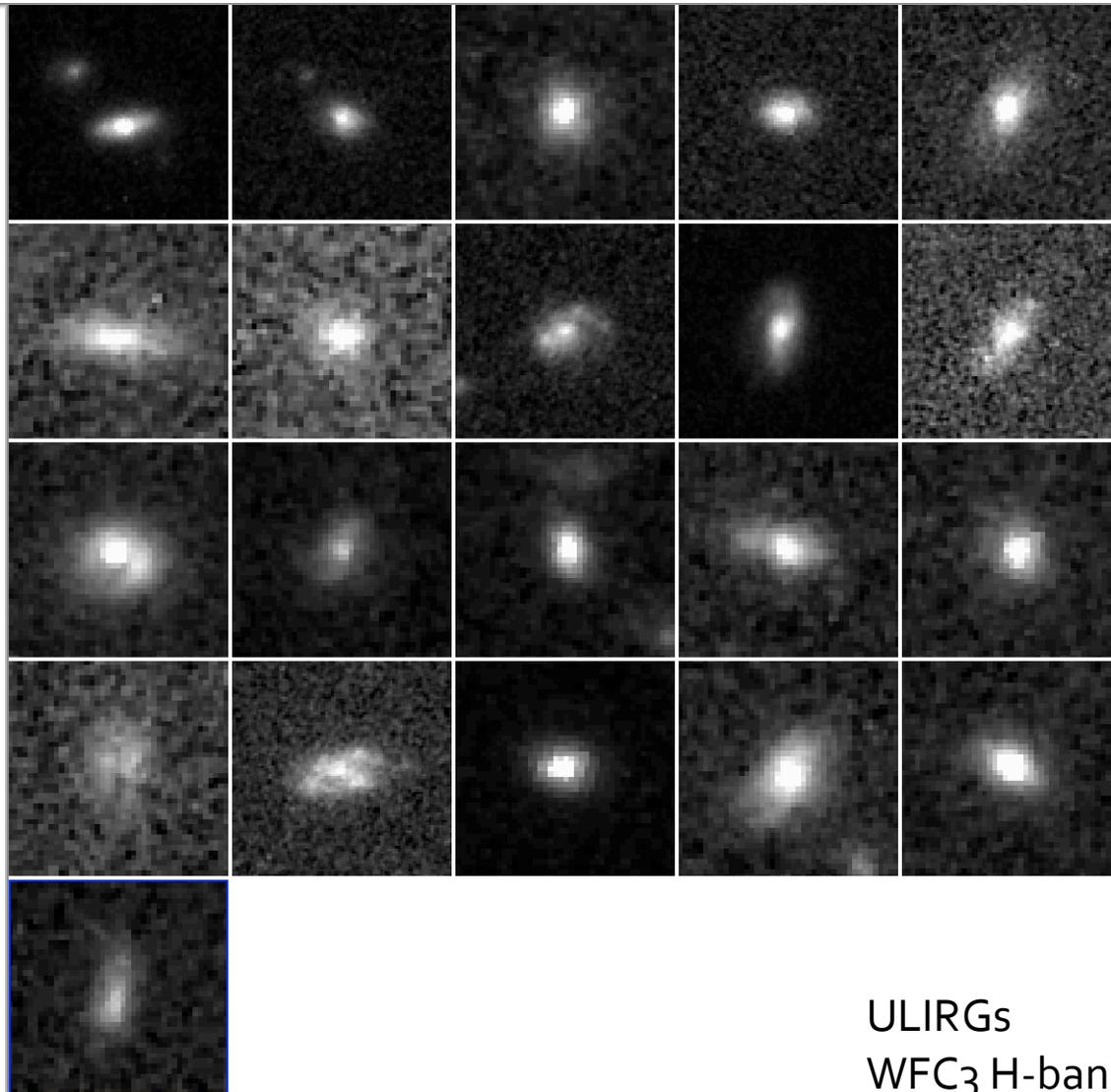




CANDELS Morphology: Visual Classifications

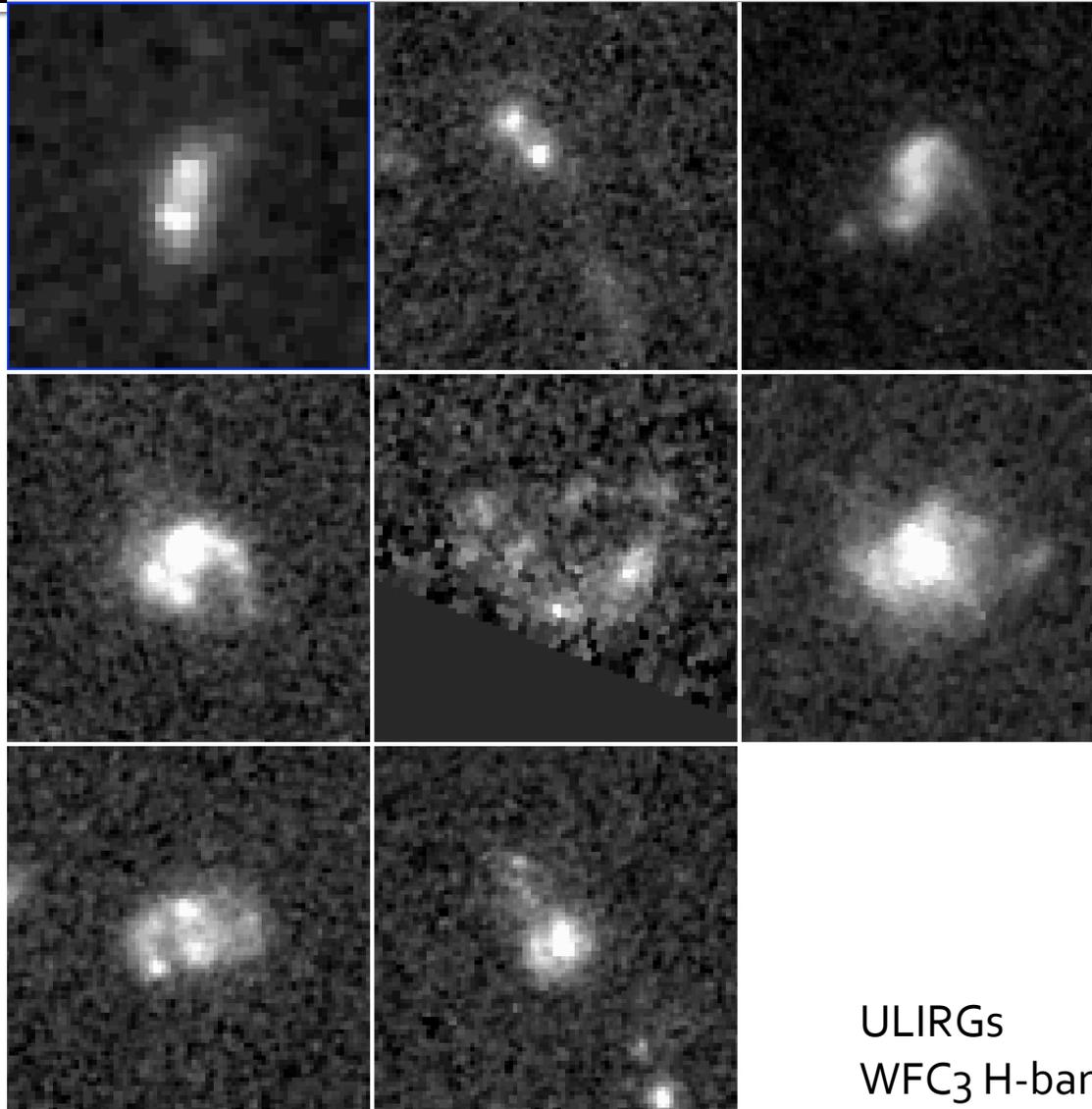
- Aim to classify all galaxies in CANDELS down to $H < 24.5$
 - All redshifts
 - Primarily based on H but including J and ACS bands
 - Thousands of galaxies!
- Detailed classification scheme
- 42 classifiers so far!
 - Goal of 3-5 classifiers per object

Disks



ULIRGs
WFC3 H-band

Mergers



ULIRGs
WFC₃ H-band

Interactions

